



#### Labour market conditions in Australia

**Ivan Neville** 

**Assistant Secretary** 

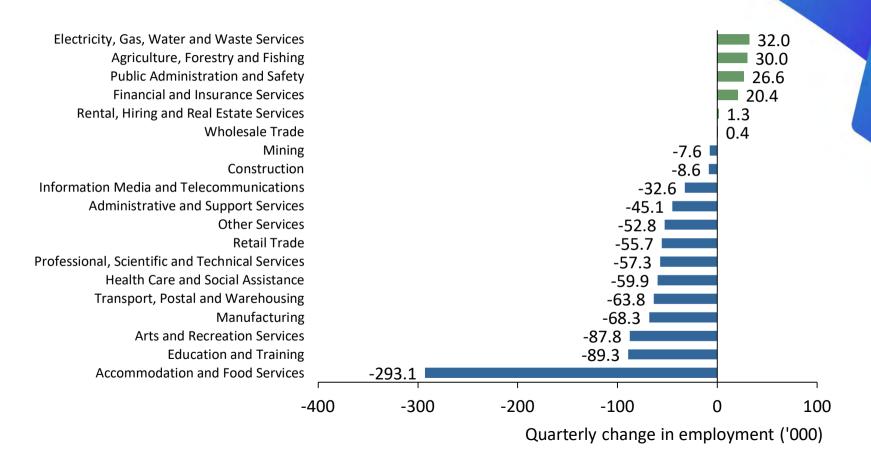
**National Skills Commission** 

### COVID-19 has had a significant impact on the labour market

	June 2020	Change since March 2020
Employment	12,328,500	-660,700 (or -5.1%)
Unemployment	992,300	276,200 (or 38.6%)
Labour force	13,320,800	-384,600 (or -2.8%)
Unemployment rate	7.4%	2.2% pts
Participation rate	64.0%	-1.9% pts
Underemployment rate	11.7%	2.9% pts
Monthly hours worked	1,664.7 million hours	-121.7 million hours (or -6.8%)

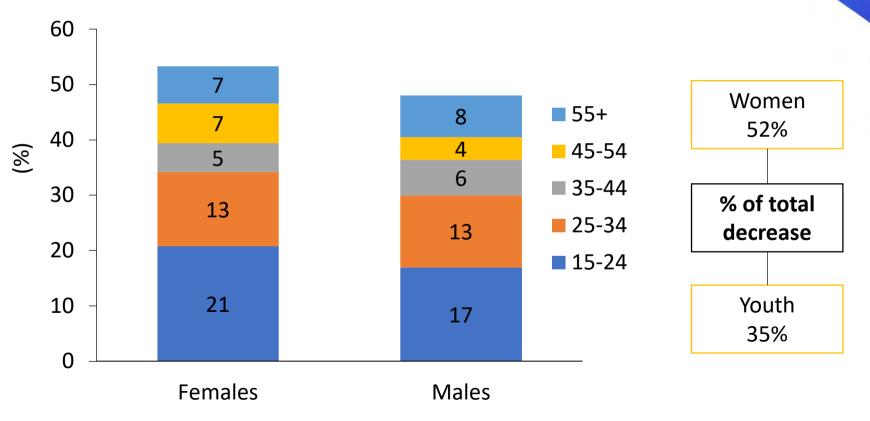
#### High profile industries particularly hard hit by COVID-19

Change in employment over the quarter to May 2020

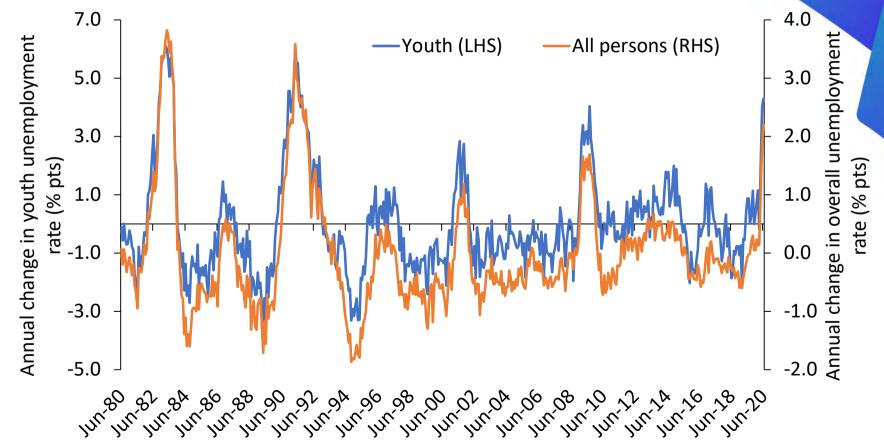


### Youth and women have been disproportionately affected

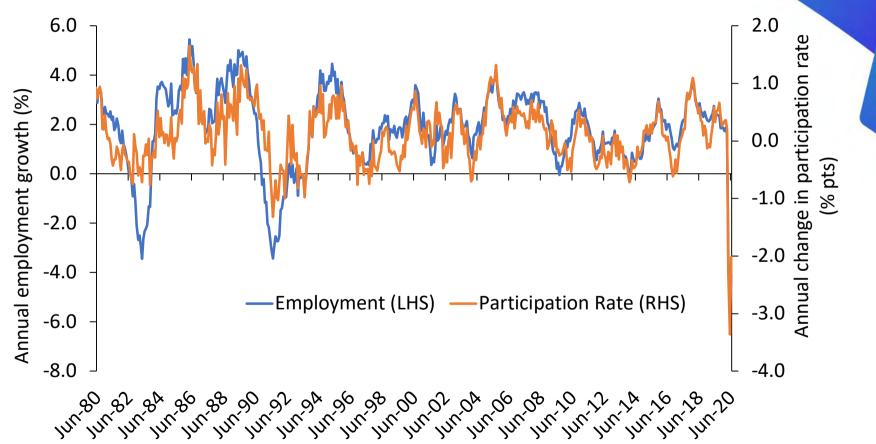
Share of total fall in employment between March and June, by age and sex



# Youth and overall unemployment rate up significantly due to COVID-19

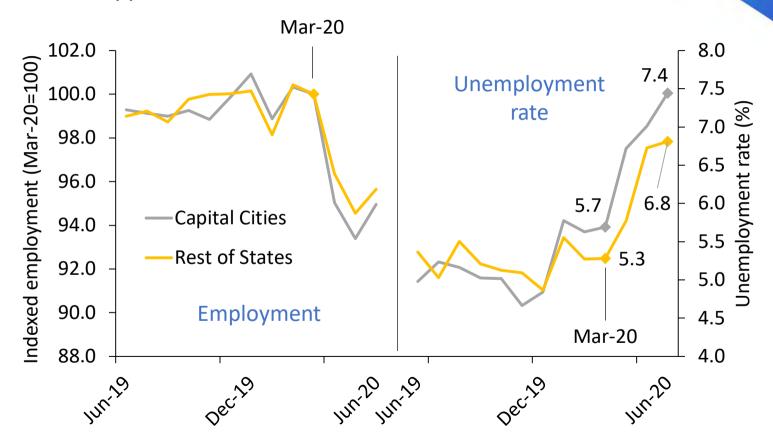


# Employment and participation have declined dramatically due to COVID-19



#### COVID-19 impact felt across Australia

Capital Cities appear to have fared worse so far

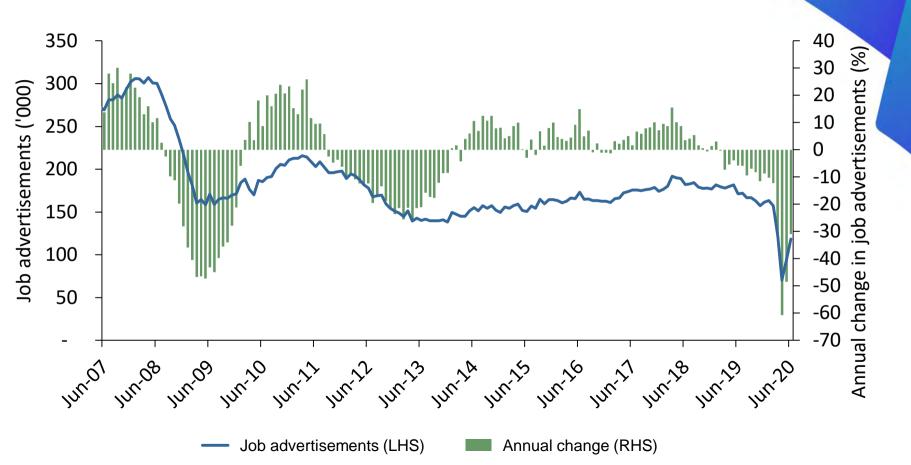


#### Some regions have been particularly hard hit

Among them, regions with a history of labour market disadvantage

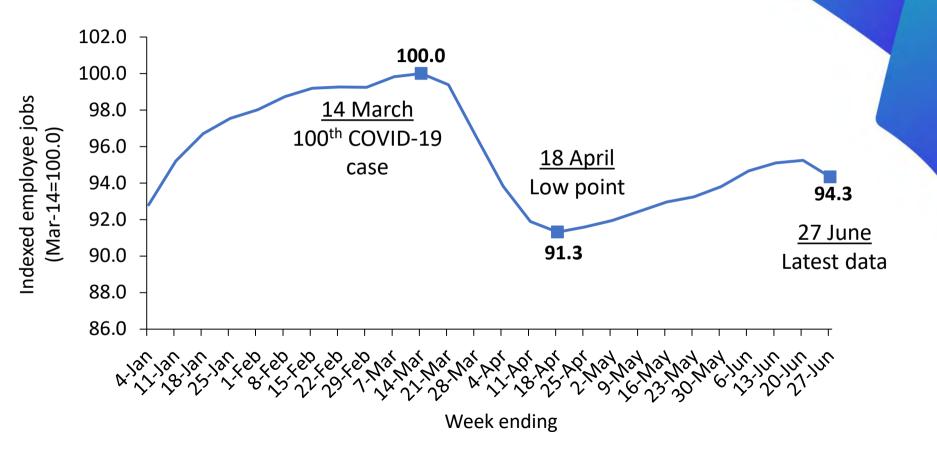
SA4	Change in employment	Change in unemployment rate	Change in participation rate	Change in Payroll jobs	Change in Caseload
	March to June (%)	March to June (% pts)	March to June (% pts)	(14-Mar to 30-May, %)	(15-Mar to 19-Jul, % of labour force)
Richmond - Tweed	-5.2	2.9	-1.3	-6.9	9.5
Melbourne - North West	-11.5	5.3	-4.2	-7.1	8.3
Gold Coast	-3.4	3.8	0.1	-8.1	9.2
Sunshine Coast	-10.1	3.8	-4.1	-7.1	9.2
Cairns	-8.0	1.0	-5.1	-7.9	8.1
Australia	-5.1	2.2	-1.9	-6.2	6.1

# Vacancies have begun to recover but remain well below pre-pandemic levels



### Employee jobs have begun to recover

but at a much slower rate than the pace at which they declined



## Risks to businesses staying open over the next six months

Survey results from the 3 weeks to 10 July

